

Knowledge Networking

Succeeding with Collaborative Technologies

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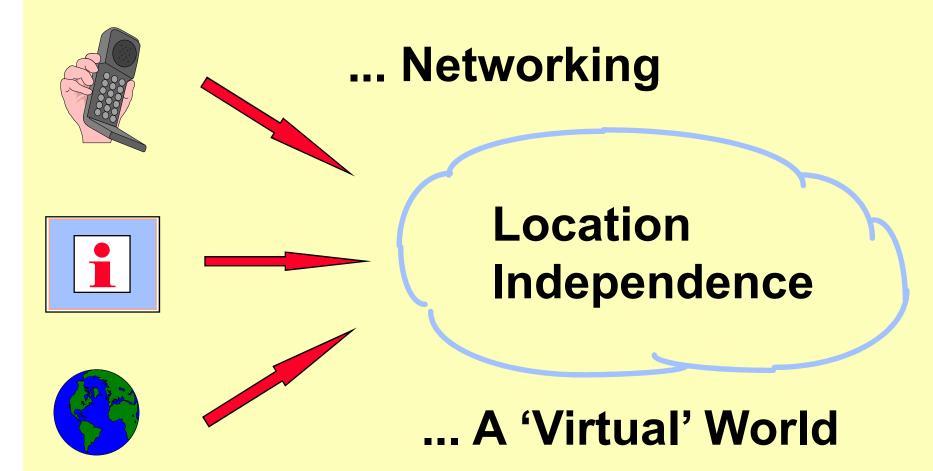


Topics

- Changing Nature of Organizations
- □ The Knowledge Advantage 2 thrusts; 7 levers
- Collaborative Technologies Knowledge Flows
- Virtual Collaboration in Practice
- Critical Success Factors People, Processes and Leadership



Networked Knowledge Economy





Why Go Virtual?

- Access to scarce/expensive resources (scale)
- Pooling resources/expertise (scope)
- New insights, new expertise (reach)
- Cross-fertilisation of knowledge and experience
- Creating communities of excellence
- ☐ Flexibility resources with responsiveness

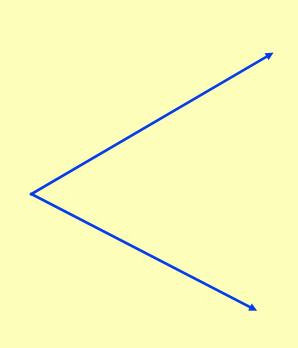
"Collaboration gives the ability to link diverse assets into unique capabilities and leverage in pursuit of new opportunities" (Ghoshal and Bartlett)



Working Definition

Knowledge Management is the <u>explicit</u> and <u>systematic</u> management of <u>vital</u> knowledge - and its associated <u>processes</u> of creation, organisation, diffusion, use and exploitation.

2 Key Thrusts



Sharing existing knowledge "Knowing what you know"

Knowledge Innovation "Creating and Converting"

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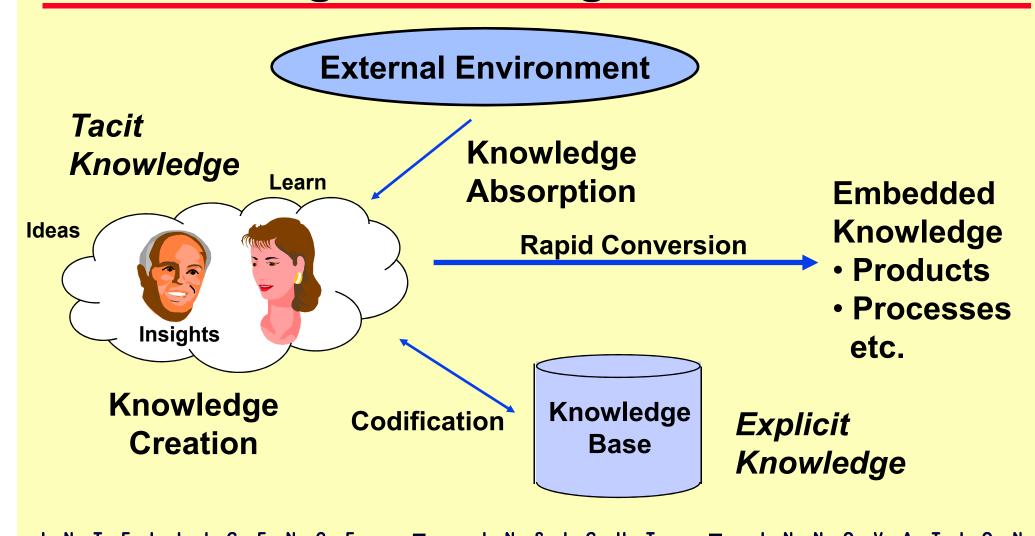


Seven Levers

- Customer Knowledge the most vital knowledge
- ☐ Knowledge in Products 'smarts' add value
- Knowledge in People but people 'walk'
- Knowledge in Processes know-how when needed
- Organizational Memory do we know what we know?
- Knowledge in Relationships richness and depth
- ☐ Knowledge Assets intellectual capital

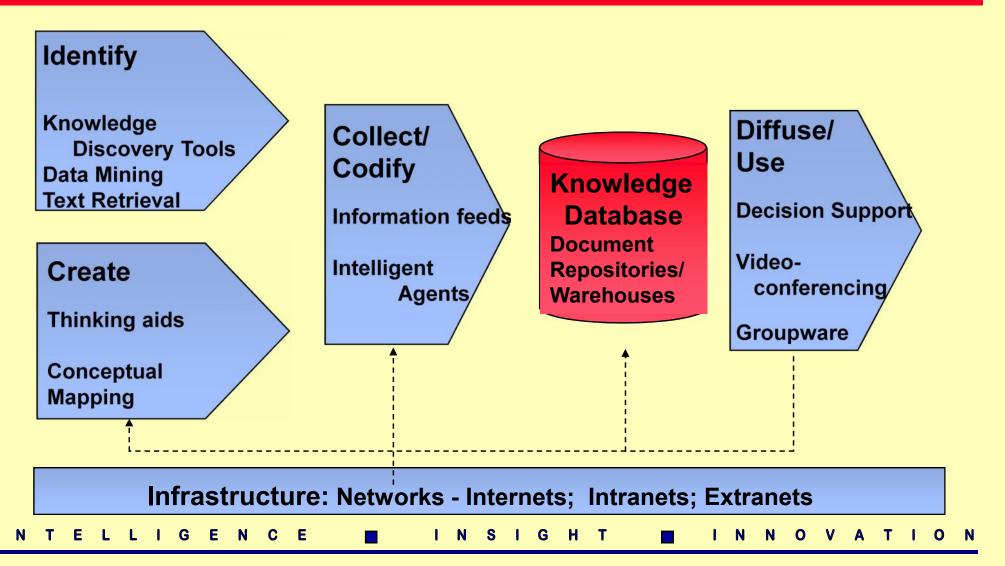


Value through Knowledge Flows



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Role of ICT



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Collaborative Technologies

"The best customer knowledge in my organisation is not in databases - it's behind people's eyeballs and between their ears"

(Bob Buckman, Buckman Laboratories)

Our research found that collaborative technologies, especially Lotus Notes and the Internet/Intranet provided the most leverage in enhancing knowledge flows.



Internet/Intranet - 3 Levels of Use

Knowledge

Information

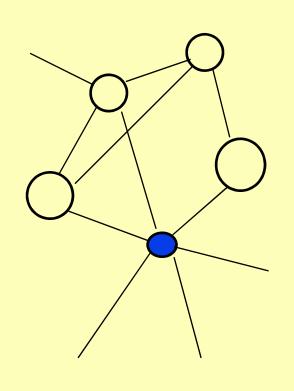
Communication

- Connections
- 5Ds discovery, dialogue, development, deployment, diffusion.
- The 'docuverse'
 - Web, files, search tools
 - directories etc.
- 1-1: email
- 1-many: lists
- many-many: groupware

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Virtual Collaboration



- Many types e.g.
 - distributed people in a team/virt org
 - distributed teams around the world
- One person many teams/links
- Used in design, projects,problem-solving
- Video-conferencing popular
- Becoming part of daily work
- Effectiveness varies widely



25 Principles

- Behaviours trust, reciprocity, mutual support
- Teams small, multiple leaders, roles, links
- Teaming purpose, support, norms, values
- Communications frequent, appropriate
- ICT 'netiquette', share/develop knowledge
- Don't forget phone and face-to-face or teleconferencing (audio/video)



The ETD Experience

- 7 partners/40+ collaborators (global)
- Extensive use of email/lists (not forums)
- Basic communications standards/'rules'
- Project Intranet (via the Interrnet layers)
- Web-centric knowledge focus database driven
- Periodic face-to-face meetings
 - focus on communications not technology



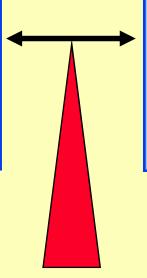
Virtualisation - a balancing act

Same Place-Time

- Close relationships
- High interaction
- Contextual awareness
- Physical resources
- 'Casual encounters'
- Creative stimulation

Different Place-Time

- Access 'world-class'
- Richness-Diversity
- Global perspective
- Quality local validation
- Timeliness
- Cost avoidance





ICT (Hard) Infrastructure

- A key enabler
- Access anytime, anywhere, anyhow
- Lotus Notes, First Class, Intranets groupware
- Applications workflow, documents etc.
- Focus on the I (Information/Knowledge)
- Wide choice architecture for scalability important



Soft Infrastructure

- A culture of sharing sharefairs, rewards
- Build on natural 'Communities of Practice'
- Facilitating knowledge processes
 - change teams, development workshops etc.
 - FTF may be needed before going virtual
- Developing personal skills
 - info management, 'dialogue', online techniques
- New measures outcomes, intellectual capital

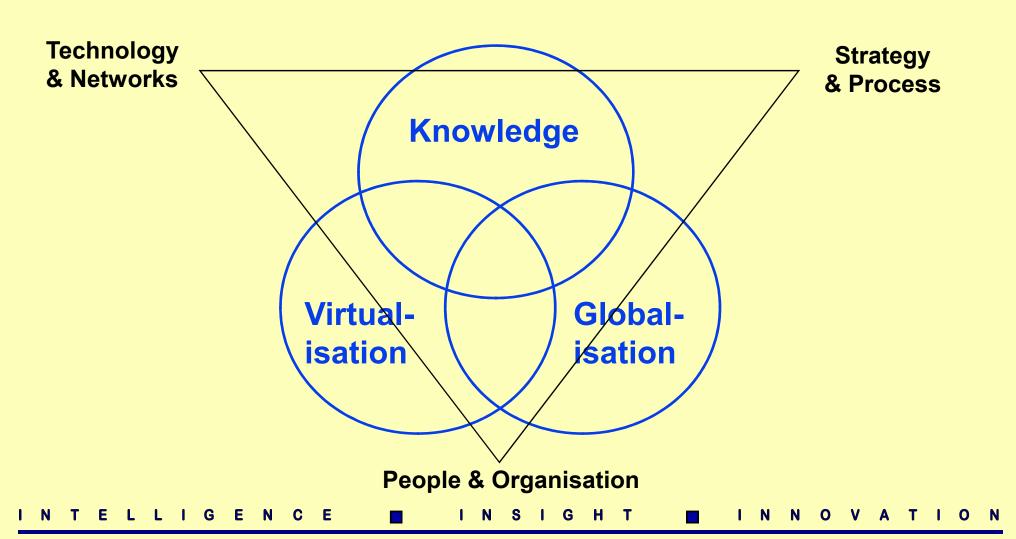


Knowledge Leadership

- Clear vision and value proposition e.g.
 - share best practice
- faster innovation
- reusable knowledge
- developing competency
- intellectual assets
- know-how businesses
- Frameworks for action simple models
- ☐ Find champions in the business change agents
- Facilitate networking tap into expertise
- Excellent communicators internal and external

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A Framework for Success



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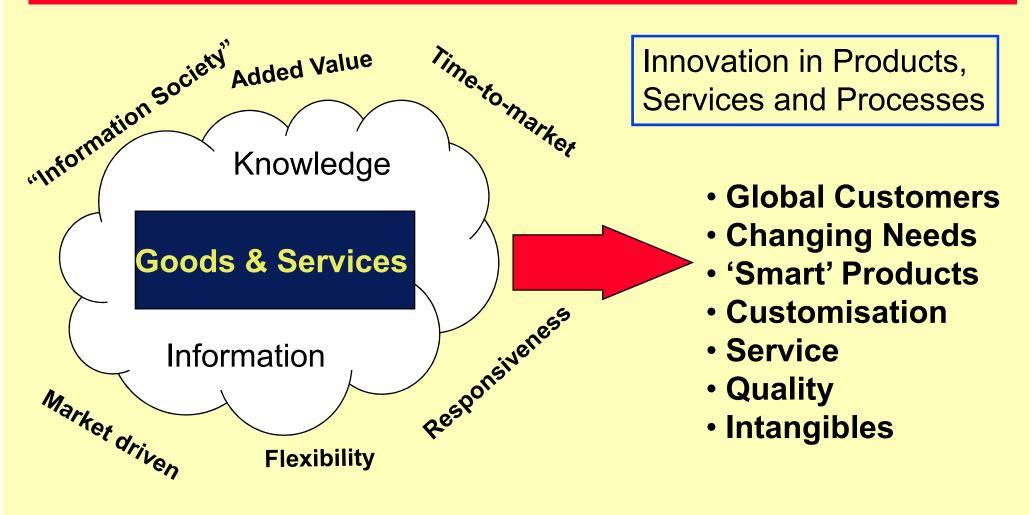
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Changing Environment





Virtual Products/Services



- Market reach global
- Traditional and information products
- Tele-banking to tele-medicine
- Low cost transactions
 - e.g. E-ticket = 50 cents vs. \$5
- Round-the-clock service
- Deliver info goods via the Net
 - e.g. design work from Finland

... if you don't, overseas competitors will (and are) !!



Knowledge Leadership Cases

- □ Create/discover 3M, Glaxo Wellcome, HCC
- Codify Hoffman La Roche, BHA etc.
- Diffuse H-P, Thos. Miller, Rover, BP
- Use Buckman, Steelcase, Price Waterhouse
- Process/culture Cigna, Analog
- Conversion Monsanto
- Measure/exploit Skandia, Dow



Electronic Communications

Effective

- Choosing right medium
- Setting context
- Cyberskills
- ☐ Structure e.g. headers
- Use of lists
- Use of filters
- Efficient personal filing
- Informality, humour

Ineffective

- Wrong medium for purpose
- Thinking aloud (mostly)
- Recipient action unclear (c.f. speech acts)
- The 'copy to all' memo
- The essay
 - use one topic per email
- Repeating <u>everything</u> back



Knowledge Networking

Effective

Ineffective

- Clear shared purpose
- People profiles
- FAQs
- Threaded conversations
- Good moderation
- Knowledge editing

- ☐ When time constraints
- Wrong participants
- No clarity/coherence
- Wandering 'off topic'
- Off vs. on record clarity
- No management participation
- Attention to process/FTF
 Multimedia for the sake of it